

**Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in
Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and
Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852**

Product name:

Legal entity identifier

Willerfunds - Private Suite - JPM Global Aggregate Bond

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Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of **environmentally sustainable economic activities**. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

☒ ☐ ☐ **Yes**

☐ ☒ ☒ **No**

☐ It will make a minimum of **sustainable investments with an environmental objective**: _%

☐ in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☐ in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☐ It will make a minimum of **sustainable investments with a social objective** _%

☐ It **promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics** and while it does not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it will have a minimum proportion of 0 % of sustainable investments

☐ with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☐ with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy

☐ with a social objective

☒ It promotes E/S characteristics, but **will not make any sustainable investments**



What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

The main environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Sub-fund through the Investment Manager's ESG methodology are the following:

- Environmental: climate change prevention (in terms for example of reduction of carbon emission, carbon footprint, climate change vulnerability), pollution & waste prevention (with reference to toxic emissions & waste, packaging material & waste, electronic waste), environmental opportunities (in clean tech, in renewable energy);

- Social: human capital (labor management, health & safety, human capital development, supply chain labor standards), product liability (product safety & quality, chemical safety, consumer financial protection, privacy & data security, responsible investment, health & demographic risk), social opportunities (access to communications, access to finance, access to health care, opportunities in nutrition & health), stakeholder opposition (controversial sourcing, community relations).

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or

social characteristics promoted by the Sub-fund.

● ***What Sustainability Indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?***

The indicators used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristic promoted by the Sub-fund are:

- the absence of investments in securities that are on the exclusion list as result of the application of the exclusion policy. To fulfil the above purpose the Investment Manager shall not invest:

1. In compliance with Italian Law No. 220 of December 9th, 2021, in companies that, directly or indirectly, through subsidiaries or affiliates, engage in the construction, production, development, assembly, repair, preservation, use, utilization, storage, holding, promotion, sale, distribution, import, export, transfer or transportation of antipersonnel mines, cluster munitions and submunitions.

- the binding restrictions in the investments in securities that are on the exclusion list as result of the application of the exclusion policy :

1. In issuers operating in the following sector: production and/or marketing of ordinary weapons, with the exception of issuers belonging to European Union and/or NATO countries or that have less than 5% of their revenue attributable to such activities (consistent with the provisions of the “Rules Governing transactions with subjects active in the armaments sector” issued by Intesa Sanpaolo Group).

2. In issuers operating in the following sector: production, maintenance, sale and storage of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) i.e., nuclear, biological, chemical and radiological weapons (NBCR), including those which are excessively harmful and indiscriminate as identified by the United Nations Convention on Certain conventional Weapons (CCW). Any issuers involved in the production, maintenance, sale and storage of dual-use components are also excluded.

3. In issuers deriving at least 25% of their revenues from extraction activities and production of electricity connected with thermal coal, the energy source among fuels which represents at the global level the highest incidence for carbon dioxide emissions.

4. In issuers deriving at least 10% of their revenues from unconventional oil & gas mining activities

5. In issuers (a) with an ESG rating equal to CCC MSCI rating (or equivalent rating assessed through the ESG rating tool/info provider used by the Investment Manager) or (b) with a severe and serious dispute equal to RED according to MSCI (or the equivalent assessment developed through the ESG rating tool used by the Investment Manager) or (c) that fail the MSCI UNGC screening.

- the ESG rating of the portfolio.

To undertake the ESG rating analysis, sustainable characteristics of the underlying investments are defined by reference to a combination of data generated internally by the Investment Manager's proprietary models and data provided by external ESG research providers.

● ***What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?***

Not applicable

● ***How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?***

Not applicable

Principal adverse impacts
are the most significant
negative impacts of
investment decisions on

— → *How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?*

Not applicable

sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti - corruption and anti - bribery matters.

— → *How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:*

Not applicable

The EU Taxonomy sets out a “do not significant harm” principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The “do no significant harm” principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

X Yes, the Investment Manager specifically considers the following principal adverse impact (“PAI”) indicators: Carbon emission (Scope 1 + 2); GHG intensity of investee companies; Violations of UNGC principles and OECD guidelines for Multinational Enterprises; Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster ammunitions, chemical and biological weapons). For government bond and supranationals: GHG intensity and Investee Countries subject to social violations.

The Sub-fund’s Investment Manager can check the PAI data through a periodic monitoring report, where can be consulted the values of the indicators at product level and, where present and possible, at respective benchmark level in order to include this information in the investment decision-making process. However, considering the large variability of PAI data at sectoral and geographical level, as well as their retrospective nature, no thresholds or stringent limits are set at portfolio level.

Further information on PAIs, will be available in the Fund’s annual report.

No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The Sub-Funds strategy can be considered in respect of its general investment approach and ESG approach as follows:

Investment approach

- Uses a globally integrated research driven investment process that focuses on analysing fundamental, quantitative and technical factors across countries, sectors and issuers.
- Combines top down asset allocation and bottom-up security selection targeting diversified sources of portfolio return – including sector rotation, security selection, currencies and yield curve positioning.
- Invests across all sectors of global investment grade debt which includes government, government related, corporate, emergingmarkets and securitised debt.
- May also invest in high yield and currency exposure is typically hedged back to the currency weights of the benchmark.

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

ESG approach

- Excludes certain sectors, companies or practices based on specific values or norms-based criteria.
- At least 51% of assets to be invested in issuers promoting environmental and/or social characteristics.
- All issuers / companies follow good governance practices, which is based on portfolio screening to exclude known violators of good governance practices.

In addition, for those investments included in the 51% of assets promoting environmental and/or social characteristics, additional considerations apply. For these investments, the Sub-Fund incorporates a peer group comparison and screens out issuers that do not score in the top 80% relative to the Sub-Fund's Benchmark based on good governance indicators to ensure the overall ESG score of the portfolio is higher than the ESG score of the Sub-Fund's Benchmark.

● ***What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?***

Below are detailed the binding elements followed by the Investment Manager for each strategy adopted for promoting environmental and social characteristics:

SRI exclusion criteria:

Issuers directly operating in the following sectors are not permitted:

1. In compliance with Italian Law No. 220 of December 9th, 2021, in companies that, directly or indirectly, through subsidiaries or affiliates, engage in the construction, production, development, assembly, repair, preservation, use, utilization, storage, holding, promotion, sale, distribution, import, export, transfer or transportation of antipersonnel mines, cluster munitions and submunitions.

Issuers directly operating in the following sectors are subject to binding investment restrictions:

1. In issuers operating in the following sector: production and/or marketing of ordinary weapons, with the exception of issuers belonging to European Union and/or NATO countries or that have less than 5% of their revenue attributable to such activities (consistent with the provisions of the "Rules Governing transactions with subjects active in the armaments sector" issued by Intesa Sanpaolo Group).

2. In issuers operating in the following sector: production, maintenance, sale and storage of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) i.e., nuclear, biological, chemical and radiological weapons (NBCR), including those which are excessively harmful and indiscriminate as identified by the United Nations Convention on Certain conventional Weapons (CCW). Any issuers involved in the production, maintenance, sale and storage of dual-use components are also excluded.

3. In issuers deriving at least 25% of their revenues from extraction activities and production of electricity connected with thermal coal, the energy source among fuels which represents at the global level the highest incidence for carbon dioxide emissions.

4. In issuers deriving at least 10% of their revenues from unconventional oil & gas mining activities

5. In issuers (a) with an ESG rating equal to CCC MSCI rating (or equivalent rating assessed through the ESG rating tool/info provider used by the Investment Manager) or (b) with a severe and serious dispute equal to RED according to MSCI (or the equivalent assessment developed through the ESG rating tool used by the Investment Manager) or (c) that fail the MSCI UNGC screening.

Integration of ESG factors:

The integration of ESG factors is promoted through the selection of the most virtuous issuers in terms of sustainable performance through an ESG rating. To undertake the ESG rating analysis, sustainable characteristics of the underlying investments are defined by reference to a combination of data generated internally by the Investment Manager's proprietary models and data provided by external ESG research providers.

● **What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?**

There is not a specific minimum rate of commitment for reducing the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy. SRI exclusion criteria: Issuers directly operating in the following sectors are not permitted: • in the production, maintenance, sales and storage of weapons of mass destruction (WMD), i.e., nuclear, biological, chemical and radiological weapons (NBCR), including those which are excessively harmful and indiscriminate as identified by the United Nations Convention on Certain conventional Weapons (CCW); • in the extractive activities and production of electricity connected with thermal coal, the energy source among fuels which represents at the global level the highest incidence for carbon dioxide emissions; therefore, issuers with at least 25% of their revenues from these activities are excluded. Integration of ESG factors: The integration of ESG factors is promoted through the selection of the most virtuous issuers in terms of sustainable performance through an ESG rating. To undertake the ESG rating analysis, sustainable characteristics of the underlying investments are defined by reference to a combination of data generated internally by the Investment Manager's proprietary models and data provided by external ESG research providers.

Good governance practices include sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

● **What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?**

The assessment of the good governance practices is a central pillar of the investment process adopted by the Investment Manager and it consists on the assurance that the governance of each investee company is based on rules of conduct aligned to international best practices and inspired by the consideration of all stakeholder's interests also by means of a remuneration policy. The good governance assessment takes into account sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff and tax compliance.

Compliance with issuers' good governance practices is ensured through the application of ESG and SRI exclusions criteria. The absence of criticality in these areas is considered as a minimum requirement that guarantees the good governance of an issuer for inclusion in the investible universe. For details on the ESG and SRI exclusion criteria please refers to the answer to the question "What investment strategy does this financial product follow?".



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

In accordance with the binding element of the investment strategy adopted for promoting the environmental and social characteristics, the minimum proportion of the investments that meet the ESG criteria (in terms of ESG rating coverage) should be at least 51% of the portfolio (box #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics).

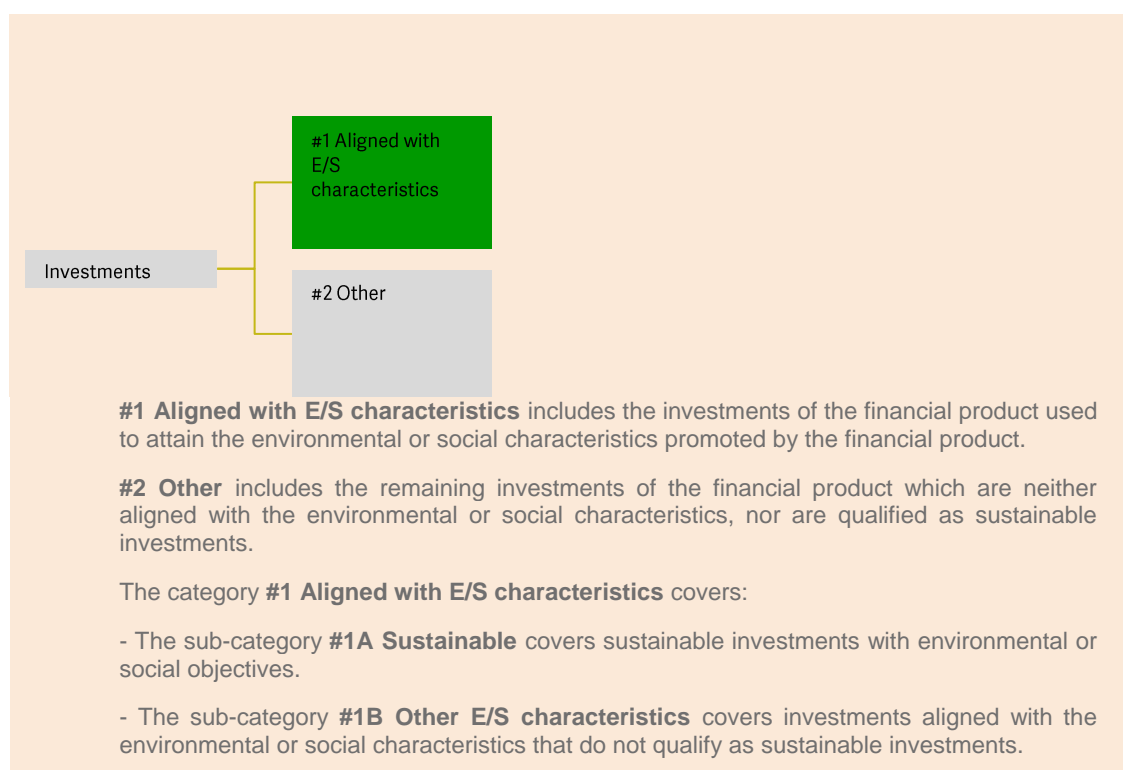
The remaining proportion (49% corresponding to the box #2 Other) of the investments (not included in the investments for promoting environmental or social characteristics) should be limited to:

- cash and cash equivalent instruments which may be held as ancillary liquidity or for risk balancing purposes;
- derivatives which may be held for investment purposes, efficient portfolio management and hedging but not for promoting environmental and social characteristic;

- securities for which relevant data is not available.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- **capital expenditure** (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- **operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



● **How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?**

Not applicable, derivatives are not used to promote environmental or social characteristics.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The Sub-fund promotes environmental and social characteristics but does not commit to make investments in taxonomy-aligned environmentally sustainable investments. It is however not excluded that the Sub-fund may be exposed to underlying investments that contribute to one or more of the environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy, such as but not limited to climate change mitigation and/or climate change adaptation. However, currently due to a lack of reliable data, the share of environmentally sustainable investments under the Taxonomy Regulation is assessed to be 0%.

● **Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy ?¹**

☐ Yes



In fossil gas



In nuclear energy

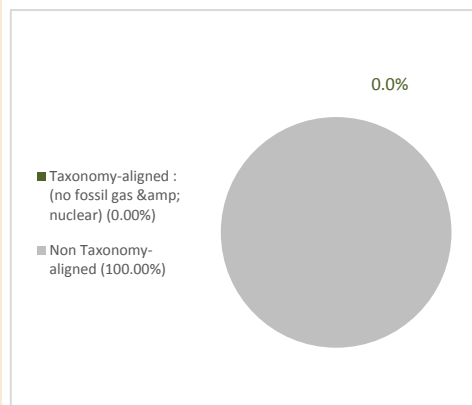


No

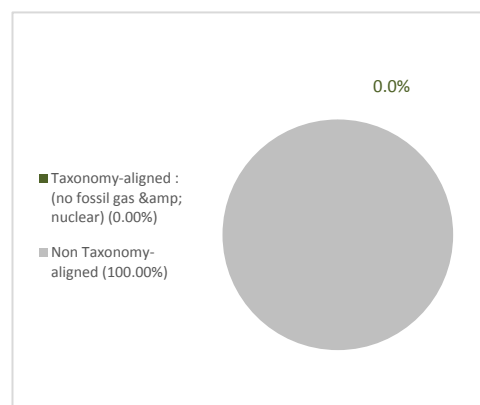
¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change (“climate change mitigation”) and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objectives - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy-alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy-alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.

1. Taxonomy alignment of investments including sovereign bonds*



2. Taxonomy alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds*



This graph represents 54.00 % of the total investments.

*For the purpose of these graphs, ‘sovereign bonds’ consist of all sovereign exposures

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

Not applicable



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

%

Not applicable



are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

Not applicable



What investments are included under “#2 Other”, what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

The remaining portfolio may also hold instruments not subject to the ESG integration process such as cash and cash equivalent instruments or for risk balancing purposes and derivatives for risk balancing purposes and efficient portfolio management. This category may also include securities for which relevant data is not available.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Sub-fund.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

● *How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?*

Not applicable

● *How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?*

Not applicable

● *How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?*

Not applicable

● *Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?*

Not applicable



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website:

http://www.fideuramireland.ie/en/legal_documentation

Further details are available on the Management Company's "Sustainable And Responsible Investment Policy":

<https://www.fideuramassetmanagement.ie/en/sustainability/sustainability/>

Please also refer to Management Company's Policy for a description of the rules that discipline the integration of ESG factors and the consideration of sustainability risk, in accordance with the requirements of the current legislation, where the financial management of a product is delegated to third-party fund houses.

Further details on the sustainability indicators approach, as may be updated from time to time, adopted are set out at:

<https://am.jpmorgan.com/us/en/asset-management/institutional/investment-strategies/sustainable-investing/>